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# What is the definition of Family Engagement?

Family Engagement is any way that a child's adult caretaker (biological parents, foster parents, siblings, grandparents, etc.) effectively supports learning and healthy development.

When families are effectively engaged in their children's education and in the improvement of schools, what are the various roles they can play?

# Families are engaged as:

- Supporters of their children's learning
- Encouragers of an achievement identity, a positive self image, and a "can do" spirit
- Monitors of their children's time, behavior, boundaries and resources
- Models of lifelong learning and enthusiasm for education
- Advocates for improved learning opportunities for their children and at their schools
- Decision-makers/choosers of educational options for their child, the school, and community
- Collaborators with school staff and members of the community

# Why is Family Engagement Important?





- Faster literacy acquisition
- Earn higher grades and test scores
- Enroll in higher level programs
- Are promoted more and earn more credits
- Adapt better to school and attend more regularly
- Have better social skills and behavior
- Graduate and go on to higher education



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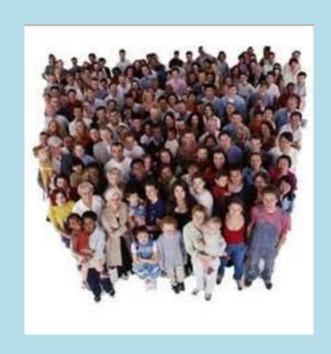


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# Why is Community Engagement Important?

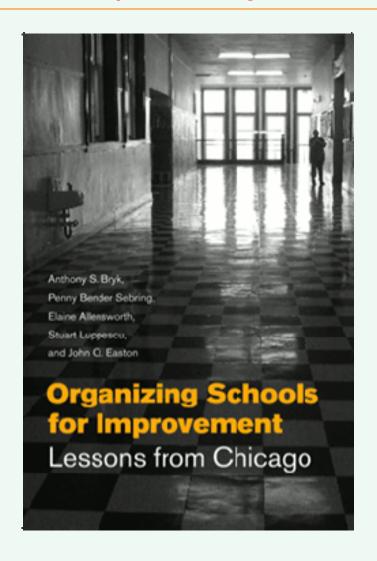




# Impact of School-Community Partnerships

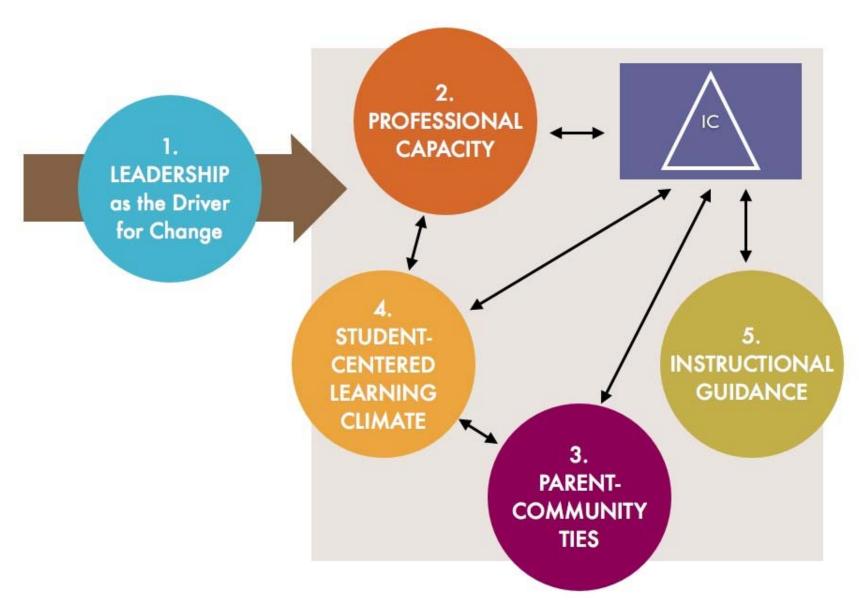
- Upgraded facilities
- Leadership development opportunities for families and staff
- Wraparound supports
- Afterschool programming
- Access to "funds of knowledge" from the community
- Opportunities for organizational transformation

# Organizing Schools for Improvement (2010)



### FIVE ESSENTIAL SUPPORTS

The University of Chicago Consortium on Chicago School Research



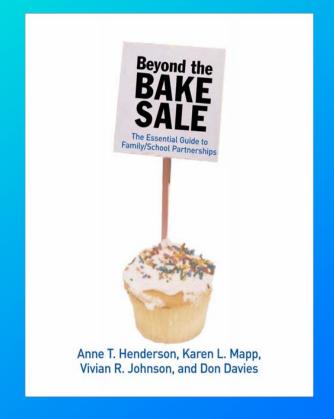
# What does an Effective Partnership School Look Like?



# **Beyond the Bake Sale**

The Essential
Guide to FamilySchool
Partnerships

Anne T. Henderson, Karen L. Mapp, Vivian R. Johnson and Don Davies



The New Press, 2007

# Fortress School (Below Basic)

 "Parents don't care about their children's education, and they are the main reason the kid's are failing"



- "Parents don't come to conferences, no matter what we do"
- Principal picks a small group of "cooperative parents" to help out
- "We're teachers, not social workers"
- "Curriculum and standards are too advanced for these parents"

# Come-if-we-call School (Basic)

 Parents are told what students will be learning at the fall open house



- Workshops are planned by staff
- Families can visit school on report card pickup day
- Parents call the office to get teacher-recorded messages about homework

# **Open-Door School (Proficient)**

- Parent-teacher conferences are held at least twice a year
- There is an "Action Team" for family engagement



- School holds parent events three or four times a year
- Parents can raise issues at PTA meetings or see the principal
- Diversity of families is recognized through multicultural nights are held once a year

# Partnership School (Advanced)

 Families are seen as partners in improving educational outcomes



- All family activities are connected to student learning
- There is a clear, open process for resolving problems
- Parent networks are valued and cultivated
- Families are actively involved in decisions on school improvement
- Staff conduct relationship-building home visits to families

Why has it been difficult to cultivate and sustain effective family-community-school partnerships that support student achievement and school improvement?

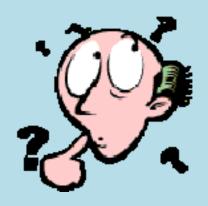
The various stakeholders (parents, community members, school leaders, and school staff) have not had the opportunity to develop the collective capacity to engage in effective partnerships.

# What is *capacity*?

- Connections social capital, the internal and external relationships and the strength and structure of those connections
- Capabilities the specific types of human capital, skills knowledge and know-how
- Confidence the types of individual self efficacy
- Cognition beliefs, assumptions and worldviews
  - Higgins (2005)

Example: Title One, section 1118 requirement for families to be engaged, with district/school staff, in the development of family engagement policy for districts and schools.

# Where do we start?



# Requires a paradigm shift:

From seeing parents and community members as a part of the problem to seeing them as a part of the solution.



From		То
Focus on programs		Focus on relationships
Deficit-based and adversarial		Strengths-based and collaborative
Random acts		Systemic
Individual		Collaborative/shared responsibility
Compliance driven		Learning and outcomes driven
Service	220000000000000000000000000000000000000	Developmental
One-time project		Sustained

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# Systemic Family Engagement

- Focused on improving the core enterprise and is linked to learning and development
- Aligned and coherent with the overall whole school improvement goals
- Inclusive of various stakeholders in the community
- Integrated across the system and not "stand alone" or "boutique" projects
- Attempting to shift school structures and cultures to share power and resources with stakeholders, especially families.

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# Example Stanton Elementary School

# Q and A